## Mod 3 Aperture, Shutter Speed, ISO Quiz

Name:	
15 Que	estions: Fill in the Blanks:
1.	It describes how quickly or slowly the shutter opens and closes again. It is called:
	(Aperture, Shutter Speed, ISO)
2.	It stands for the International Organization for Standardization — an organization that sets
	international standards for all different kinds of measurements. It is called:
	(Aperture, Shutter Speed, ISO)
3.	It is the opening in a lens through which light passes to enter the camera. It is called:
	(Aperture, Shutter Speed, ISO)
4.	it is your camera's sensitivity to light. It is called: (Aperture,
	Shutter Speed, ISO)
5.	Aperture is calibrated in (f stops, g stops, white balance)
6.	The smaller the f-stop number, the (smaller, larger) the aperture, which means
	more light enters the camera.
7.	A fast shutter speed means that the shutter is only open for a (short or long) period.
8.	A <b>slow shutter speed</b> means the <b>shutter</b> is open for (shorter or longer) period.
9.	Typically, photographers refer to small fractions of a second, such as 1/250th of a second or
	faster when talking about (slow or fast) shutter speed.
10.	In between, shutter speeds from 1/100th second to 1 second are still considered relatively
	(slow or fast)
11.	If there is plenty of light, you are free to use a low ISO such as (100 or 1600)
	and minimize noise as much as possible.
12.	The "pupil" of your lens is called the (Aperture, Shutter Speed, ISO)
13.	It is generally written as numbers such as 1.4, 2, 2.8, 4, 5.6, 8, 11 and 16. It is called:
	(Aperture, Shutter Speed, ISO)
14.	It can add dimension to your photos by depth of field. (Blurred background but very focus
	image.) It is called: (Aperture, Shutter Speed, ISO)
15.	It can give you sharp photos from nearby foreground to distant backgrounds. It is:
	. (Aperture, Shutter Speed, ISO)

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